43rd INTERNATIONAL CHEMISTRY OLYMPIAD

UK Round One - 2011

MARKING SCHEME

Notes:

Chemical equations may be given as sensible multiples of those given here.

Formulae can be given by any conventional method (i.e. structural or molecular) unless a particular format is specified by the question.

State symbols do not need to be included in chemical equations to obtain the mark(s).

Answers should be given to an appropriate number of significant figures although the marker should only penalise this once (on the whole paper).

		Total marks for paper = 55		
Questi	<u>on 1</u>		1	
		Answer	Marks	
a)	a) Heat energy transferred to the water for 2.0 g snack			
	= 500 x 4.18 x 20.9 J = 43681 J (or 43.7 kJ)			
		Whole bag of snack = (43681* x 22/2.0)/1000		
		= 480 kJ		
		= 115 dietary calories.		
		Allow 2 or 3 sf. Correct answer scores 2 marks without reference to working. *Allow ecf from first marking point.	1	
b)	(i)	AgNO ₃	1	
	(ii)	K ₂ CrO ₄	1	
c)		$Ag^+ + Cl^- \rightarrow AgCl$ [Allow equation with spectator ions]	1	
		Moles silver (nitrate) = $(8.20/1000) \times 0.100 = 8.20 \times 10^{-4}$ Allow ecf from equation. Moles (sodium) chloride from small bag of snack = $8.20 \times 10^{-4} \times 10$ Mass sodium chloride in small bag snack = $(8.20 \times 10^{-4} \times 10) \times 58.44$		
		= 0.479 g (3sf) Correct answer scores 2 marks without reference to working. Allow 1 mark if correct answer but given to 2 or 4 sf.	2	
d)		но Он Он	2	
		Allow any clear representation of the correct structure for 1 mark if not skeletal.		
e)		None	1	

10 marks

Note: Tests are to be taken under controlled conditions. Students must not have access to the information contained in this marking scheme prior to, or during, the test.

Ques	Question 2			
		Answer	Marks	
a)		C x C x 1 mark for bond pairs shown	2	
		1 mark for lone pair (any dot-cross equivalent) on each carbon		
b)		Nitrogen / N ₂ Carbon monoxide / CO	1	
c)		$CaO + 3C \rightarrow CaC_2 + CO$	1	
d)	(i)	C = 92.3/12.01 = 7.69 moles H = 7.7 / 1.008 = 7.64 moles Empirical formula = CH (RMM = 13)	1	
	(ii)	Since RMM = 26, molecular formula of \mathbf{C} is C_2H_2	1	
е)		$CaC_2 + 2H_2O \rightarrow Ca(OH)_2 + C_2H_2$ Allow ecf from d(ii). Do not allow CaO as product.	1	
f)		$Ca_3(PO_4)_2 + 8C \rightarrow 8CO + Ca_3P_2$ 1 mark for formula of calcium phosphate(V) correct 1 mark for equation balanced	2	
g)		phosphine, PH ₃ or diphosphine, P ₂ H ₄ <i>Allow name or formula</i> .	1	

11 marks

Questic	Question 3		
	Answer	Marks	
a)	$(C_aH_bN_cO_d \rightarrow a~CO_2 + b/2~H_2O + c/2~N_2)$ d = 2a + b/2 Award 1 mark for 2a and 1 mark for b/2	2	
b)	O balance = $\frac{16 \times (d - 2a - b/2)}{(12a + b + 14c + 16d)}$ Allow 1 mark if correct but 'x 100' missing	2	
c)	O balance = - $[100 \times (3 \times 16) / 222.14]$ = -21.6% Award 1 mark for correct sign, 1 mark for magnitude. Allow ecf (both number and sign) from expression in (a).	2	
d)	$C_7H_5N_3O_6 \rightarrow 3~CO + 3~C + CO_2 + 3/2~H_2 + 3/2~N_2 + H_2O$ Allow 1 mark if equation is incorrect but correct products are shown and equation is balanced.	2	
е)	Amount of gas = $1/24$ mol. Molar ratio TNT: gas = 1.7 [Allow ecf from (d)] Amount of TNT = $1/7 \times 1/24$ mol = $1/168$ mol = 0.0060 mol Mass of TNT = 227.14 g mol ⁻¹ × $1/168$ mol = 1.35 g Award 2 marks for correct answer (with ecf if necessary) without working.	2	

10 marks

Question 4		
	Answer	Marks
	Award 1 mark for any clear representation (even if not skeletal) for each correct structure in the correct box. Award an additional mark (for structures 1-4) if the name matches the structure drawn.	
	If incorrect structure is drawn in a box (e.g. butan-2-ol is drawn in box 1) but name matches the structure drawn – award 1 mark. See additional note below.	
	1 = butan-1-ol	1
	ОН	1
	2 = butan-2-ol	1
		1
	2 - 2 mathylpropont al [Initial '2' can be emitted]	1
	3 = 2-methylpropan1-ol [Initial '2' can be omitted]	I
	OH	1
	4 = 2-methylpropan-2-ol [<i>Initial '2' can be omitted</i>]	1
	4 = 2-methylpropan-2-or [mittal 2 can be omitted]	'
	ОН	1
	5 =	1
	6 =	1
	7 =	1
	Add 2 extra marks to candidate's total for this Q if all structures correctly drawn as skeletal. Award 1 additional mark for four or more structures correctly drawn as skeletal.	2

13 marks

Questi	on 5			
		Ar	nswer	Marks
a)		 Moles A = 0.250/60 = 4.2 x 10⁻³ Moles C = moles CO₂ = 0.178/44.01 = 4.0(4) x 10⁻³ Moles H = 2 x moles H₂O = 2 x (0.146/18.016) = 16.2(1) x 10⁻³ Moles N = moles NH₃ = moles HCl = (40.8/1000) x 0.200 = 8.16 x 10⁻³ Mass of C + H + N in sample of A = (4.04 x 10⁻³ x 12.01)+(16.21 x 10⁻³ x 1.008)+(8.16 x 10⁻³ x 14.01) = 0.179(2)g Mass of O in A = 0.250 - 0.179(2) = 0.071g Moles of O in A = 0.071/16 = 4.4 x 10⁻³ This gives empirical formula of A = CH₄N₂O M_r (A) = 60, so molecular formula of A is also CH₄N₂O [Or CH₄N₂ = 44, M_r(A) = 60; molecular formula of A = CH₄N₂O] 1 mark for calculating moles A, C and H; 1 mark for calculating moles N; 1 mark for deducing oxygen as missing element; 1 mark for final formula 		
b)	A: B:	H ₂ N NH ₂	Allow any clear representation of correct structures. Award 1 mark for each correct structure C: CH ₂ CO ₂ H	
	D:	CH₂COCI	E: CH ₂ CO ₂ Et	7
	F:	EtOOEt	G: OEt	
	1		1	1 marks

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